राजस्थान सरकार
ग्रामीण विकास एवं पंचायती राज विभाग
(अनुभाग–3)

क्र. एफ–4(51)आरडी/आरई/05 जयपुर, दिनांक 26 DEC 2007

जिला कलेक्टर एवं जिला कार्यक्रम समन्वयक,
राष्ट्रीय ग्रामीण रोजगार गारंटी स्कीम राजस्थान,
समस्त जिले (राज0)

विषयः– राष्ट्रीय ग्रामीण रोजगार गारंटी स्कीम राजस्थान के अन्तर्गत अनुमत कार्य बाबत।

महोदय,

उपरोक्त विषयान्तर्गत निवेदन है कि राष्ट्रीय ग्रामीण रोजगार गारंटी अधिनियम–2005 की अनुसूची–1 में दिये गये अनुमत कार्य के बिन्दु संख्या–8 के बारे में यह स्पष्ट किया जाता है कि इस कार्य में गांवों की आंतरिक सड़के (internal village streets) एवं नाली का निर्माण कार्य भी शामिल है।

भवदीय,

(आर. के. भारद्वाज)
परि. निदे. एवं उप सचिव(ग्रारो)

प्रतिलिपि निम्नांकित को सूचनार्थ एवं आवश्यक कार्यवाही हेतुः–

1– मुख्य कार्यकारी अधिकारी, जिला परिषद एवं अतिरिक्त कार्यक्रम समन्वयक, राष्ट्रीय ग्रामीण रोजगार गारंटी स्कीम राजस्थान, समस्त जिले (राज0)
2– रक्षित पत्रावली।

परि. निदे. एवं उप सचिव(ग्रारो)

डा. रघुवंश प्रसाद सिंह
DR. RAGHUVANSH PRASAD SINGH

MINISTER OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT
GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
KRISHI BHAWAN, NEW DELHI - 110 001

D.O.No.J-12032/1/07-NREGA
28 November 2007

Dear Smt. Vasundhara Raje Ji,

Please refer to your letter no. F.4(5)/RD/RE/NREGS/Ud//07 dated 15.10.2007 regarding expansion of the list of permissible works in Schedule-1 of NREGS 2005.

2. In this connection I would like to inform you that construction of internal village streets and drainage is within the permissible list of works as provided in Schedule 1 of NREG Act. However, construction activities relating to School Buildings along with boundary walls, Panchayat Ghar, Aanganbari, Centres, health Sub centre buildings, Playgrounds & Mini Stadiums for rural sports, Village Parks etc. are not permissible within the existing provisions of the Act.

3. The purpose of including the works listed in Schedule One of the Act is to use NREGA for regenerating the natural resource base of rural livelihood and so address the basic factors of poverty in a dominantly agrarian economy. The construction of socio-economic infrastructure may be done through other programmes specifically meant for those purposes; like Sarva Shishu Abhiyan for school buildings and NRH for health infrastructure.

4. Our goal under NREGA should be to ensure that the assets created through the manual labour of wage earners provides a social safety net to them and strengthens the livelihood resource base of the rural poor opening economically more sustainable opportunities to them. I am sure that the experience of implementing NREGA in Rajasthan bears testimony to the need to focus on water conservation and drought proofing measures under NREGA as a priority that should not be compromised.

With regards,

Yours sincerely,

(Raghuvansh Prasad Singh)

Smt. Vasundhara Raje
Chief Minister of Rajasthan
Jaipur